

"Where we love is home home that our feet may leave, but not our hearts"

Oliver Wendall Holmes, Sr.





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# Bond Loans by County

County	Loans	Loan Amount	Purchase Price	Average Income
Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Cascade Choteau Custer	9 7 7 3 11 312 5 15	\$685,337 \$474,597 \$443,948 \$230,329 \$922,398 \$32,997,467 \$317,288 \$799,433	\$684,183 \$474,419 \$443,948 \$230,054 \$921,492 \$32,968,441 \$317,067 \$798,157	\$41,178 \$34,832 \$33,075 \$37,365 \$34,991 \$37,496 \$27,268 \$27,477
Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fergus Flathead Gallatin Glacier Hill	1 14 15 22 62 78 10 48	ND \$741,542 \$1,076,519 \$1,459,108 \$8,682,111 \$10,392,189 \$596,337 \$4,071,051	ND \$741,447 \$1,075,648 \$1,455,527 \$8,676,210 \$10,380,931 \$596,239 \$4,063,627	ND \$32,178 \$33,129 \$34,087 \$41,954 \$39,598 \$27,547 \$39,299
Jefferson Lake Lewis & Clark Lincoln	11 26 99 14	\$932,606 \$2,711,784 \$10,732,251 \$1,125,108	\$931,481 \$2,708,076 \$10,717,531 \$1,121,366	\$34,930 \$35,849 \$37,440 \$32,300
Madison Mineral Missoula Musselshell Park Phillips Pondera	2 6 159 6 6 1	ND \$685,846 \$21,139,712 \$298,688 \$801,736 ND \$374,192	ND \$684,934 \$21,118,690 \$298,442 \$800,064 ND \$373,035	ND \$41,403 \$37,376 \$27,213 \$36,903 ND \$37,276
Powder River Powell Prairie Ravalli Richland Roosevelt Rosebud Sanders Sheridan	1 10 1 29 18 10 1 5	ND \$811,619 ND \$3,074,435 \$1,015,236 \$519,062 ND \$597,199 ND	ND \$810,936 ND \$3,070,229 \$1,014,412 \$518,851 ND \$596,753 ND	ND \$27,326 ND \$32,735 \$27,421 \$36,007 ND \$45,574 ND
Silver Bow Stillwater Teton	104 8 7	\$7,705,585 \$868,759 \$415,613	\$7,684,204 \$867,244 \$415,014	\$35,112 \$47,229 \$29,202
Toole Valley Yellowstone	4 9 339	\$263,800 \$560,598 \$37,014,026	\$263,021 \$559,461 \$36,982,289	\$27,914 \$32,803 \$35,490



# Homebuyer Eligibility Guidelines

### **Homebuyer Eligibility Guidelines**

In addition to the traditional loan qualifications of lenders, the following federal eligibility guidelines apply:

- 1. A qualified residence is a single family home, condominium or townhouse.
- 2. The purchaser of a qualified residence must be a first-time homebuyer, except for a residence located in the following targeted areas:

Blaine County	Hill County	Silver Bow County
Deer Lodge County	Mineral County	Choteau County Census Tract 9401
Flathead County	Missoula County	Daniels County Census Tract 9402
City of Great Falls	Sanders County	Sheridan County Census Tract 9402
Billings/Yellowstone Co.	unty Census Tract 3	

<sup>\*</sup>Special exceptions apply for prior ownership of manufactured homes.

- 3. The residence must be occupied by the owner and must be the homebuyer's primary residence.
- 4. The maximum purchase price limits for FHA, RD and VA loans are \$200,160 for existing housing and \$237,031 for new construction. The maximum mortgage amount for new construction is \$200,160. Genworth and MCC's have maximum limits of \$237,031. Purchase price limits are set yearly by the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), a federal agency responsible for encouraging housing development.
- 5. The mortgage must be a new loan with the exception of construction loans or other interim financing that does not exceed 24 months.
- 6. The maximum income limits for homebuyers range from \$48,600 to \$75,600 and are based on household size and the location of the home.
- 7. Federal recapture taxes may apply only if all three of the following conditions exist: Homebuyers sell within the first nine years of ownership and their income increases significantly and they make a large profit on the sale of the home. MBOH will reimburse any recapture taxes paid by borrowers who used MBOH loans to purchase a home on or after May 8, 2006.



# FY 2006 Homeownership Program Activity

	Bond Program	MCC Program	MBS Program
# of loans originated \$ of total home sales \$ of loans originated Loan principal purchased	1473 \$175,267,846 \$153,290,124 \$153,117,410	16 \$2,209,900 \$1,907,344 N/A	11 \$829,900 \$697,158 \$694,501
New Homes			
# of loans on new houses \$ of home sales on new houses \$ of loans on new houses	197 \$27,111,349 \$23,772,821	1 \$166,900 \$132,000	1 \$144,500 \$141,050
Existing Homes			
# of loans on existing houses \$ of home sales on existing houses \$ of loans on existing houses	1275 \$148,013,791 \$129,374,597	15 \$2,043,000 \$1,775,344	10 \$685,400 \$556,108
Rehabbed Homes # of rehab loans \$ of home sales on rehabbed houses \$ of loans on rehabbed houses	1 \$142,706 \$142,706	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
Stick-built Homes			
# of stick-built homes \$ of home sales on stick-built homes	1376 \$163,831,184	14 \$1,708,344	10 \$771,400
Manufactured Homes			
# of manufactured homes \$ of home sales on manufactured homes	92 \$10,903,638	2 \$199,000	1 \$58,500
Modular Homes			
# of modular homes \$ of home sales of modular homes	5 \$533,024	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Average loan Average purchase price Average household size Average borrower age Average household income	\$104,067 \$118,987 2 32 \$33,354	\$119,209 \$138,118 2 37 \$43,098	\$63,378 \$75,445 2 35 \$24,137
Number of communities receiving loans Number of counties receiving loans	100 41	9	6 6
Set-asides			
Number of loans placed Number of set-asides \$ of loans placed in set-asides \$ of home sales in set-asides Average income in set-asides Number of communities	333 20 \$27,761,703 \$35,832,876 \$28,245 53	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	11 11 \$697,158 \$829,900 \$24,137 6



# Mortgage Credit Certificate Program

### Mortgage Credit Certificate Program

The Mortgage Credit Certificate (MCC) Program allows a qualified homebuyer to claim a federal income tax credit for up to 20% of annual mortgage interest paid. The remaining mortgage interest (80%) continues to qualify as an itemized deduction. For example, with a \$100,000 mortgage at 6% interest, the borrower pays \$6,000 in interest the first year. Twenty percent of this amount (\$1,200) can be used to directly reduce the borrower's federal income tax liability. Unused credit can be carried forward for up to three years.

In addition, an amended W-4 can be filed with the borrower's employer, which would reduce tax withholdings and increase the borrower's monthly income by \$100 (\$1,200/12). This tax savings helps the borrower qualify for the mortgage loan or qualify for a larger loan. The borrower will receive a federal income tax credit as long as the same mortgage loan is retained and the home is occupied as the primary residence.

The MCC can be used in conjunction with any loan statewide, except for a loan financed through the MBOH Bond Program. The lender will establish all underwriting criteria, including interest rate, down payment requirements, terms, fees, points and closing costs.

As of June 30, 2006, the Montana Board of Housing issued 51 Mortgage Credit Certificates. The program began operation in 2003.



# Set-aside Disbursements in FY 2006

# City of Billings Affordable First-time Homebuyers Program

The board provided \$4,051,871 in financing for 39 first-time homebuyers in the city of Billings in FY 2006. Participants' incomes did not exceed 60% of the median and they did not qualify for traditional financing without assistance. The city of Billings provided assistance for down payments, closing costs, mortgage buy downs and minor home repairs. Since its inception, the board has provided financing for 363 Billings homebuyers, whose average income was \$22,418.

### **Disabled Accessible Affordable Homeownership Program**

The board provided \$557,862 in financing for affordable, architecturally accessible homes for six Montana families with permanent disabilities and mobility impairments in FY 2006. During the history of the program, the board has financed 166 homes with \$10,764,313 in recycled mortgage funds. The average household income was \$16,614 with an average loan amount of \$64,845. Loans are distributed among 24 Montana counties.

### First-time Homebuyer Savings Account Program

The board established this program in 1997 for permanent mortgages for homebuyers who have established a qualified savings account for down payment and closing costs. To date, the board has committed financing for 203 homebuyers, whose incomes averaged \$29,726. In FY 2006, the board purchased loans totaling \$4,182,086 in the program, which assisted 42 first-time homebuyers.

### **Glacier Affordable Housing Foundation**

The board provided \$939,844 in financing in FY 2006 for 9 low- or very low-income Montana families.

### **Greater Helena Area Affordable Homeownership Program**

Established in October 2000, the board set aside \$1.4 million in recycled mortgage funds for the permanent financing for first-time homebuyers whose incomes are at or below 80% of the adjusted median income for Lewis and Clark County. The Helena Housing Development Corporation provides down payment and closing cost loans, ranging from \$5,000 to \$20,000, through the administration of funds received from the federal HOME program. Homebuyer education is a prerequisite to application for down payment assistance. In FY 2006, the board provided \$203,188 in financing for two Montana homebuyers through this program. As of June 30, 2005, 18 homes have been financed under this program for families with average incomes of \$24,317.

# HRDC IX Set-aside for Gallatin, Park and Meagher Counties (The Road to Home Initiative)

The board provided \$1,372,037 in financing for twelve Montana families in FY 2006.

## HRDC XI (Combined affordable housing covering Missoula, Ravalli and Mineral Counties)

The board provided \$3,163,284 in financing for 31 Montana families in FY 2006.



### **Habitat for Humanity Mortgage Reinvestment Program**

The board provided \$714,382 in financing for permanent mortgages for Habitat for Humanity affiliate member families. This financing allowed the local Habitat for Humanity affiliate to recover construction costs from the homes constructed and start construction on additional homes. As of June 30, 2006, 48 homes valued at \$2,638,672 have been financed. The average income of the member families helped by this program was \$22,623.

### **HUD Section 184 Indian Housing Program**

The board provided \$1,625,605 in financing for seventeen Native American Montana families in FY 2006. HUD, through Section 184, guaranteed the loans. The board worked with local banks, tribal representatives, bond counsel and state and regional HUD officials. To date, board financing has helped 34 families purchase homes.

### **Lot Refinance Program**

In July 2002, the board set aside \$1 million in recycled mortgage funds for the permanent financing of homes built on land purchased by Montana families more than two years prior to construction. Under the regular bond program, these families had been precluded from using MBOH financing due to refinance restrictions. In FY 2006, the board provided \$200,181 in financing for two Montana families through this program.

# Neighborhood Housing Services, Inc. of Great Falls (NHS) and Montana HomeOwnership Network, Inc.

The board provided \$8,452,123 million in financing for 129 families to purchase homes in FY 2006. NHS, a nonprofit housing provider, has been in operation since 1980 and has had a major impact in revitalizing two neighborhoods in Great Falls and 51 other Montana counties.

The board has provided \$58.5 million in permanent mortgages since 1986 for 11 separate low- income homeownership programs sponsored by NHS. Various NHS programs helped 1,040 Montana families achieve affordable homeownership.

### **Rural Housing Loan Leveraging Program**

The board provided \$415,085 of recycled funds for 14 homebuyers in FY 2005 with this program. Funds from Rural Development (RD) are leveraged with interest rates that range from 1 percent for borrowers whose income does not exceed 50 percent of the area median income to 2 percent for borrowers whose income does not exceed 55 percent of the area median income and 3 percent for borrowers whose income does not exceed 60 percent of the area median income. In this program, the MBOH purchases a 30-year first mortgage for half of the purchase. RD will make a loan secured by a second mortgage at a 1 percent, 2 percent or 3 percent rate for the other half of the purchase. The MBOH has provided this program with \$16,312,413 in financing for 552 homebuyers, whose average income was \$21,070.

Due to the success of the program and at the request of RD, the board expanded the program to include families whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the area median. The MBOH finances loan amounts up to 50 percent, which keeps the monthly payment rate from 27 to 29 percent of homebuyers' income.



# **Clark Fork Commons and the North Missoula Community Development Corporation**

The board provided \$766,640 for seven new homeowners for this project of townhomes in Missoula's Northside. These townhomes are part of a land trust, so the homes will remain permanently affordable with no further subsidy.

### MHN Lender Pool Set-Aside

The board provided \$516,084 for a revolving loan pool program to assist in providing downpayment assistance to moderate income homebuyers.

### Fannie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities Homeownership Set-Aside

This program works with Fannie Mae's My Community Mortgage program, and is targeted to four special groups: ADA disabled, Section 8 homeownership programs, Native Americans, and essential workers including teachers, police, fire fighters, and licensed health care workers. The board uses debt reserve funds to purchase these loans once they have been secured through Fannie Mae. In F.Y. 2006, the board purchased 11 home loans for a total of \$834,058

### **Town of Bridger Set-Aside**

This program is available for first mortgage loans that are matched up with downpayment assistance funds through the local community. In F.Y. 2006, the board invested \$150,433 in loans for two homebuyers.

### **HRC District XI Rent-To-Own Project**

The board set-aside funds to assist the HRC in a pilot project to work with urban Indian households over a three-year period to become homeowners. During F.Y. 2006, HRC purchased 2 homes, using loans from the board that totaled \$202,600.

### **Farmers State Bank Teacher's Program**

This program, consisting of two loan programs, a first mortgage loan from MBOH, and a second shared appreciation mortgage (SAM) loan, is targeted to teachers in Ravalli County who are unable to afford homeownership in the rapidly escalating housing market. Income-eligible teachers whose household incomes are below 80% of median qualify for a first mortgage amount, then receive a second SAM loan for the amount of the gap between the first mortgage, and the cost of a modest home. In F.Y. 2006, the board assisted two families, with \$213,612 of first mortgage funds, and \$139,427 of SAM mortgage funds.

### **Lake County Housing Program**

The board set-aside funds to provide first mortgages to go with downpayment assistance Lake County received through the state HOME program. In F.Y. 2006, the board assisted one homebuyer.

### **City of Lewistown**

The board set-aside funds to provide first mortgages to go with downpayment assistance provided through HOME funds by the City of Lewistown. In F.Y. 2006, the board assisted five families with \$273,003 in first mortgage loans. The average income of the borrowers was \$31,298.



# Cumulative Set-Hide Programs

Programs	<b>Total Loan Amount</b>
27.11.1.177.1.0	440.000.400
Neighborhood Housing Services	
Cash Assistance Program	
Missoula Affordable Housing	
Human Resource Council XI	
Havre	
Billings Hi-Sierra	
City of Billings	
Dream Montana	
City of Kalispell	
Livingston	
Butte-Silver Bow	
Ronan 4-Plex	\$118,200
Lewistown	
Glendive Affordable Housing	\$173,480
Red Lodge	
Shelby	
Helena	\$1,286,780
Laurel	\$1,024,262
Disabled Accessible	\$10,774,715
Western MT Mental Health	
Missoula Hillside	
FHA 203 (K)	
First Time Homebuyer Savings	
Land Refinance	
Habitat 0%	
Glacier Affordable Housing	
Richland County	
Energy Loan	
Ravalli County	
HUD 184	
Native American Loan Guaranty	
Rural Development Loan Leverage	
Missoula Joint Venture	
Missoula County	
RD Mutual Self-Help Loan	
MBS Fannie Mae Homeownership	
Bozeman HRDC	
Clark Fork Commons	
Town of Bridger	
Ravalli County Teacher's Program	
Lake County	\$91,/13

\$213,549,025

Number of Loans - 4,205



# Revolving Loan Heccount

The 1999 Legislature found that current economic conditions, federal housing policies and declining resources at the federal, state and local levels adversely affect the ability of low-income and moderate-income persons to obtain safe, decent and affordable housing. Because of this, the Revolving Loan Account was established.

This account is used to provide loans to projects providing affordable housing in Montana. These projects typically need that last small piece of financing to make them feasible.

The Montana Board of Housing received a \$1.5 million grant from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Seattle through its Affordable Housing Program. This grant was specifically earmarked for the Montana Preservation Project. In order to maximize other funding sources, the grant was loaned by the MBOH to each project as 50-year deferred mortgages. If a project generates additional income, the loans may begin to pay back the money. But, if sufficient income is not generated, the loans will not be paid for 50 years. The MBOH has placed these mortgages in the Revolving Loan Account. But, as previously stated, these loans may or may not begin to be repaid for 50 years. The following is a list of these loans:

Project	Location	Amount
<ol> <li>Columbia Villa</li> <li>Darlinton Manor</li> <li>LaVatta Villa (Pebblestone Square)</li> <li>Parkside Village</li> <li>Valley View</li> <li>Big Sky Apts.</li> <li>Green Meadow Apts.</li> <li>Parkside Apartments</li> </ol> Funded through TANF	Columbia Falls Bozeman Deer Lodge Missoula Kalispell Kalispell Libby Hamilton	\$ 316,800 \$ 55,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 10,400 \$ 551,200 \$ 202,368 \$ 234,600 \$ 69,632 \$1,500,000
9. TANF Loans (61 loans, down payment/closing)	Various	\$ 693,767
Funded through RLA funds	16.	<b>4.142</b> .000
10. Gold Dust 11. Ronan Main Street 12. Franklin School	Missoula Ronan Great Falls	\$ 143,000 \$ 65,000 \$ 300,000 \$ 508,000
		\$2,306,458

The 2001 Legislature added three other funding sources to the Revolving Loan Account. Two sources are \$500,000 from the Section 8 reserve account and approximately \$3.4 million from the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families Grant (TANF). These two funding sources are transfers from existing programs. The third source is from direct donations that would qualify for a tax credit. These sources began July 1, 2001. The TANF funds were reduced to \$700,000 by the 2002 special legislative session, which met in August of 2002.

# Multifamily Bond Program

The Montana Board of Housing (MBOH) has issued several series of bonds to finance specific projects. In addition to financing projects from bond proceeds, the MBOH used funds within the indenture to finance projects. The following sections illustrate these programs and current loans.

# PROJECTS FINANCED UNDER SECTION 8 "NEW CONSTRUCTION" PROGRAM AND OTHER HUD PROGRAMS

Permanent			Original Principal	Construction Loan	Mortgage
Series and Project:	Location	Units	Amount	Rate	Loan Rate
1978 Series A: Clark Fork Manor	Missoula	134	\$ 4,628,000	8.0%	7.0%
1979 Series A (1992 Series A): Crestwood Inn	Sidney	72	2,188,500	9.0%	7.5%
Broadview Manor	Great Falls	20 92	713,200 2,901,700	8.5%	7.5%
Other:					
Miles Building - Bld	Livingston	40 40	1,081,885 1,081,885	14.5%	NA
1980 Series A Construction Loa	n Notes:				
Cedar View	Malta	32	1,269,900	11.0%	NA
Chair III	Whitefish	16	618,400	11.0%	NA
El Dorita Village	Kalispell	36	1,092,000	11.0%	NA
Rose Park Plaza	Billings	112	3,222,100	11.0%	NA
		196	6,202,400		
		462	\$14,813,985		

### PILOT PROGRAM FOR MULTIFAMILY RENTAL HOUSING

In February 1993, the MBOH introduced its Pilot Program for Rental Housing by seeking proposals to develop multifamily rental housing from governmental units, nonprofits attached to governmental units and private nonprofits. These projects were funded with monies in the Multifamily Trust Indenture.

Since its inception, the MBOH has given loans through the Multifamily Pilot Program for Rental Housing to nonprofit and governmental sponsors for the following projects:

Project:	Location	Units	Original Principal Amount	Permanent Mortgage Loan Rate
LOANS CLOSED				
Minnesota - pd.	Missoula	2	\$ 42,000	6%
Strand	Missoula	2	\$ 64,000	6%
Ronan Duplex	Ronan	2	\$ 86,963	6%
Ronan 4-Plex	Ronan	4	\$ 121,933	6%
Courtyard	Kalispell	16	\$ 271,000	6%
Bozeman Interfaith (Dairy Keep)	Bozeman	9	\$ 227,557	6%
Holland Park	Great Falls	16	\$ 266,000	6%
Spring Garden	Billings	8	\$ 121,000	6%
	J	59	\$ 1,200,453	

### RISK SHARING PROGRAM FOR MULTIFAMILY HOUSING

On June 13,1994, the MBOH received final approval from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to participate in the Risk Sharing Program. The Risk Sharing Program works in partnership with HUD. HUD provides mortgage loan insurance and the MBOH provides mortgage underwriting, loan management and financing. The two entities share the risk of loss from a project default. Some of these loans are funded with bond proceeds and some are funded with monies in the Indenture. Currently the MBOH has the following projects:

			Original	
Project:	Location	Units	Mortgage	Rate
CLOSED LOANS				
West Babcock	Bozeman	24	\$830,000	7.25%
Phillips Apts.	Missoula	8	\$269,000	6.00%
The Miles Building	Livingston	40	\$550,000	6.00%
Big Sky Manor	Kalispell	60	\$797,436	9.75% Taxable
Columbia Villa	Columbia Falls	36	\$781,635	4.59%
Darlinton Manor	Bozeman	100	\$2,406,305	4.59%
La Vatta Villa	Deer Lodge	24	\$437,147	4.59%
Parkside Village	Missoula	104	\$3,233,511	4.59%
Valley View	Kalispell	52	\$1,141,402	4.59%
Green Meadow Manor	Libby	34	\$402,564	9.75 Taxable
		482	\$10,849,000	
/ !! <b>5</b> :	==/ NUD			

(all Risk sharing loans also have a .5% MIP payment in addition to mortgage rate)

### G.O. PROGRAM FOR MULTIFAMILY RENTAL HOUSING

The MBOH's General Obligation (G.O.) Program for Multifamily Rental Housing provides mortgage financing to owners of qualifying housing when the owner agrees to restrict the rents to a specific amount and to rent only to tenants below a maximum income level (generally 50 or 60% of median income). Currently, this program is financing the permanent loans for small projects that receive multiple sources of funding through other programs where rents on the project are affordable to very low income state residents. This program is funded through the Boards's first G.O. bond issue in 1998. The G.O. rating of A2 allows the MBOH to issue bonds to finance projects that rating agencies would not rate highly on a stand-alone basis. The G.O. rating allows the MBOH to use its financial and management strength to leverage projects that would otherwise be impossible to finance. Currently the MBOH has the following projects:

			Original				
Project:	Location	Units	Mortgage	Rate			
G.O. PROGRAM FOR MULTIFAMILY RENTAL HOUSING:							
CLOSED LOANS							
Whitefish Apartments	Whitefish	4	\$138,037	6.00%			
Pond Row	Bozeman	20	\$567,500	7.00%			
Cottages at Edna Court	Superior	8	\$128,000	6.5%			
Parkside Apartments	Hamilton	24	\$237,000	5.50%*			
Parkside Apartments	Hamilton	24	\$95,0000	1.00%			
				*(rate bought down from 6%)			
*One Project Has 2 Loans		*56	\$1,165,537				



# Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program

The Low Income Housing Tax Credit, established by Congress in the Tax Reform Act of 1986, is intended to provide for the retention, rehabilitation and construction of low income rental housing. Through the tax credit, developers and owners of qualified housing receive an annual federal tax credit for 10 years, based on the number of housing units provided to low income individuals and families. In Fiscal Year 2006, the Board allocated \$2,896,565 in tax credits to assist in the development of seven projects containing 202 low income housing units with total projected development costs of \$31.9 million. Since the inception of the program in November, 1987, the tax credit has been utilized in the rehabilitation and production of 4,694 low income housing units in 168 separate projects with total construction costs of \$332,498, 178. This comprises over 50% of multifamily rental housing development in the state.

Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program Allocation by City 1987 through June 30, 2006

				T. 15
<u>City</u>	Number of Developments	Number of LIHTC Units	LIHTC Allocated	Total Development Costs*
Absorakee	1	32	15,134	755,867
Anaconda	1	10	112,213	1,024,463
Belgrade	4	84	322,250	4,279,966
Big Fork	2	32	46,963	1,488,538
Big Sky	2	72	432,609	5,212,836
Big Timber	1	24	36,186	1,149,013
Billings	15	536	2,825,840	38,367,031
Bozeman	13	573	3,823,271	, ,
Browning/Heart Butte	4	128		44,854,611 16,187,187
9	2	68	1,631,105 375,712	, ,
Butte Chester	1	6	3/3,/12	5,054,364 275,296
Chinook	1	12	•	•
Columbia Falls	4		7,156	201,224
		92	171,913	5,231,174
Corvalis	2	36	316,969	3,160,249
Cut Bank	1	19	31,659	1,034,474
Darby	2	16	162,500	1,699,659
Deer Lodge	2	48	42,673	1,404,865
Dillon	1	24	190,535	2,087,831
Elmo	1	10	64,000	455,136
Fort Belknap	3	87	947,184	9,252,544
Fort Benton	1	10	13,938	355,562
Forsyth	2	36	54,228	1,724,391
Glasgow	1	6	9,780	298,101
Great Falls	6	294	1,083,018	18,109,015
Hamilton	5	147	955,431	11,101,376
Hardin	2	40	77,324	1,937,806
Havre	7	30	32,660	873,588
Hays	1	11	52,800	834,415
Helena	8	271	1,994,615	23,626,305
Hysham	1	12	28,373	765,857
Joliet	1	1	1,409	35,313
Kalispell	10	368	1,268,890	19,960,615
Laurel	2	40	176,345	2,273,121
Libby	1	34	167,502	2,791,239
Livingston	3	82	257,188	4,342,566
Medicine Lake	1	4	3,595	78,576
Miles City	2	53	211,544	5,384,016
Missoula	23	810	4,506,972	59,201,385
Pablo	6	111	994,442	13,007,440
Plains	1	9	11,600	310,923
Polson	3	102	204,500	4,889,989
Red Lodge	1	32	178,520	2,135,786
Ronan	4	43	193,317	2,114,463
Scobey	1	11	13,980	612,000
Shelby	1	12	16,960	487,300
St Ignatius	1	9	11,000	264,260
Stevensville	2	38	167,778	2,089,120
West Yellowstone	1	53	178,193	2,563,215
Whitefish	5	110	475,517	6,884,629
Winnett	1	6	9,626	269,478
Total	167	4694	24,909,947	332,498,178

<sup>\*</sup>Inclusive of estimated costs of developments not yet competed.



# Elderly *Hs*sistance Program

Elderly Assistance Program (Reverse Annuity Mortgage)

PURPOSE: Many senior citizens in Montana own their own homes and have little or no remaining mortgage debt. Many of these homeowners are persons of lower income who would benefit from an additional income source from the use of equity in their homes.

The reverse annuity mortgage loans allow senior homeowners to provide more substantially for their own in-home support and specialized care.

Mortgage Interest Rate: 5.0%

Age Requirement: All borrowers must be 68 years of age or older. Some exceptions may apply.

Income Limit: The borrower's annual family income must not exceed the following:

1 person household \$19,600 2 person household \$26,400 3 person household \$33,200

Property Eligibility: The home must be located in Montana. The borrowers must be the owner and occupant of a single-family dwelling that is unencumbered by any prior mortgage, lien or pledge. A single-family dwelling means a one- to four-family living unit, excluding a singlewide mobile home. A single-family dwelling must meet minimum FHA property standards as determined by an FHA appraisal.

Loan Amount: The loan amounts range from a minimum of \$30,000 to a maximum of \$150,000. The maximum loan amount is based on 80% of the FHA determined property value.

Payment Terms: The net loan proceeds are advanced monthly to the borrowers based on a 10-year term.

Lump Sum Advances: Lump sum advances are available at loan closing. Thirty thousand dollars is available for such items as payment of prior mortgages, liens and pledges or for needed repairs to the home. Some exceptions may be considered. An advance is available for certain loan closing costs. Lump sum advances reduce the amount of the monthly loan advance.

Counseling: Potential borrowers must complete a reverse annuity mortgage counseling program in order to submit an application. The counseling network is provided through the Montana Aging Services Network.

Applications: Applications are obtained by contacting the Montana Board of Housing, P.O. Box 200528, Helena, Montana 59620-0528, telephone 841-2849, 1-800-761-6264, or by contacting the Office on Aging, P.O. Box 204001, Helena, Montana 59620-4001, telephone 1-800-332-2272. The applications may be completed during the required reverse annuity mortgage counseling.



# Reverse Annuity Mortgage Program Statistics

	NUMBER OF	HOUSE HOLD	AVERAGE BORROWER	AVERAGE LOAN	AVERAGE ANNUAL	AVERAGE MONTHLY
COMMUNITY	LOANS	SIZE	<u>AGE</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	INCOME	<u>PAYMENTS</u>
Alberton	1	1	77	\$40,000	\$9,232	\$192.11
Ashland	1	1	64	\$20,800	\$6,168	\$94.57
Belgrade	2	1, 2	80	\$60,000	\$12,229	\$142.90
Big Timber	1	1	73	\$50,000	\$9,288	\$285.80
Billings	16	10@1,6@2	79	\$69,000	\$11,211	\$324.24
Bozeman	3	1,1,1	78	\$63,000	\$12,363	\$355.04
Butte	4	2@1, 2@2	76	\$36,100	\$10,619	\$201.30
Charlo	1	2	78	\$150,000	\$18,312	\$843.24
Circle	1	1	71	\$41,600	\$9,348	\$258.33
Clinton	1	1	74	\$100,000	\$15,264	\$603.28
Columbus	3	1,2	82	\$73,333	\$14,261	\$337.61
Conrad	1	2	74	\$100,000	\$17,500	\$599.15
Corvallis	1	1	74	\$70,000	\$13,555	\$418.36
Cut Bank	2	1,2	75	\$54,000	\$12,874	\$336.80
Darby	1	2	83	\$70,000	\$12,045	\$413.28
Deer Lodge	1	1	76	\$51,200	\$6,368	\$317.84
Dillon	3	1,1, 2	80	\$57,000	\$9,904	\$323.00
Glendive	2	1,1	76	\$53,240	\$9,208	\$305.00
Great Falls	16	10@1,6@2	76	\$57,700	\$12,376	\$276.61
Hamilton	5	4@1, 1@2	75	\$63,840	\$12,870	\$310.59
Havre	2	1, 2	79	\$34,000	\$14,070	\$183.19
Helena	13	10@1, 3@2	75	\$73,400	\$12,859	\$341.44
Joliet	1	1	73	\$60,000	\$16,006	\$341.13
Kalispell	5	2@1,3@2	77	\$56,600	\$11,107	\$331.32
Laurel	1	2	84	\$40,240	\$11,039	\$223.21
Lewistown	1	1	70	\$65,000	\$3,312	\$376.20
Libby	2	2@2	78	\$75,000	\$13,560	\$630.80
Livingston	3	1,1,2	81	\$50,000	\$9,126	\$285.80
Lolo	1	2	75	\$100,000	\$18,400	\$598.47
Malta	1	1	70	\$16,800	\$5,280	\$64.50
Manhattan	1	1	71	\$50,000	\$8,943	\$285.97
Missoula	8	5@1, 2@2, 1@3	79	\$68,100	\$12,888	\$359.42
Polson	1	1	81	\$40,000	\$7,696	\$222.83
Reed Point	1	1	70	\$44,000	\$5,970	\$247.43
Reygate	1	1	87	\$44,000	\$8,034	\$255.77
Shelby	1	1	75	\$50,000	\$9,330	\$285.80
Sheridan	4	1,3@2	76	\$69,100	\$15,496	\$432.87
Sidney	2	2@2	78	\$37,600	\$21,144	\$206.95
Somers	1	1	71	\$25,000	\$5,314	\$136.68
St. Regis	1	1	62	\$88,248	\$7,188	\$0.00
Stevensville	3	3@1	76	\$66,000	\$11,472	\$157.46
Townsend	3	2@11@2	78	\$60,000	\$8,447	\$315.00
Vida	1	2	71	\$52,400	\$12,732	\$295.13
Virginia City	1	2	71	\$50,000	\$18,101	\$320.66
Whitehall	1	1	75	\$74,320	\$15,036	\$85.35
Wolf Point	1	1	93	\$39,920	\$10,727	\$247.70
Total Loans:	127					

Total Loans: 127 No. of People helped: 174

July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2006 PROGRAM ACTIVITY

NEW LOANS 13
PREPAID LOANS 6
TOTAL, FISCAL YEAR, LOAN ACTIVITY
TO DATE 19

### **OVERALL PROGRAM ACTIVITY & AVERAGES**

ACTIVE LOANS: 71
PENDING LOANS: 7
PREPAID LOANS: 56
TOTAL LOANS: 134

AVERAGE AGE OF BORROWER: 77

AVERAGE ANNUAL INCOME OF BORROWER: \$12,077.00

AVERAGE LOAN AMOUNT: \$61,910.00

AVERAGE MONTHLY PAYMENT TO BORROWER: \$311.00

### LEGISLATIVE AUDIT DIVISION

Scott A. Seacat, Legislative Auditor Tori Hunthausen, Chief Deputy Legislative Auditor



Deputy Legislative Auditors: James Gillett Angie Grove

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Net Assets of the Montana Board of Housing, a component unit of the state of Montana, as of June 30, 2006, and 2005, and the related Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, and the Statement of Cash Flows for each of the fiscal years then ended. The information contained in these financial statements is the responsibility of the board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Montana Board of Housing as of June 30, 2006, and 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the fiscal years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the financial statements, but supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the board changed its method for classifying investments between short term and long term.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The Combining Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2006, and the related Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets and Combining Statement of Cash Flows for the fiscal year then ended, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements of the Montana Board of Housing. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The other data included in this annual report was not audited by us, and accordingly, we express no opinion on such data.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ James Gillett

James Gillett, CPA Deputy Legislative Auditor

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Year Ended June 30, 2006

This section of the Montana Board of Housing's (MBOH's) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the agency's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Please read this section in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes.

### **Financial Highlights**

- > 1,473 single-family mortgages were originated for \$153 million.
- > \$2,190,000 of Low Income Tax Credits were allocated providing approximately \$19 million of equity to produce or preserve 202 units of affordable rental housing.
- ➤ 13 new Reverse Annuity Mortgage (RAM) Loans were originated bringing the total active RAM loans to 71. Since its inception the RAM program has assisted 127 elderly households.
- > Total new debt issued was \$155 million.
- Total debt retired was \$116 million.
- > Total outstanding debt increased from \$766 million to \$805 million.

### Overview of the Financial Statements

The MBOH is a self-supporting entity using no Montana state government general fund appropriations to operate. The MBOH is classified as an enterprise fund, that is, a fund which is financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise.

The Net Assets – Restricted for Bondholders represent bond program funds that are pledged as collateral for the bondholders and are restricted by federal tax law to costs directly related to carrying out qualifying housing programs, qualifying mortgages or paying off bonds. These funds are therefore not available for use for other non-housing activities.

The financial statements are designed to provide the stakeholders of the MBOH, our citizens, taxpayers, legislatures, customers, clients, investors and creditors, with an overview of the finances of the organization and to demonstrate our accountability for the resources with which we are entrusted.

### Montana Board of Housing Condensed Financial Information Change in Net Assets and Operating Income Years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004

			2006		2005		2004
Assets:	(4)						
Current Assets		\$	203,133,566	\$	209,903,196	\$	138,532,655
Noncurrent Assets		\$	745,299,548	\$	698,828,844	\$	629,155,140
Total Assets	:	\$	948,433,114	\$	908,732,040	\$	767,687,795
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities		\$	15,034,303	\$	14,545,671	\$	11,936,674
Noncurrent Liabilities		\$	793,399,678	\$	756,226,009	\$	624,197,098
Total Liabilities		\$	808,433,981	\$	770,771,680	\$	636,133,772
Net Assets:							
Invested in Capital Assets		\$	55,004	\$	80,881	\$	75,617
Restricted		\$	139,944,129	\$	137,879,479	\$	131,478,406
Total Net Assets	<del>_</del>	<del>?</del> \$	139,999,133	\$	137,960,360	\$	131,554,023
Total Net Assets	•	<del>&gt;</del>	139,999,133	Ş	137,900,300	Ş	131,334,023
Operating Revenue:							
Interest on Loans		\$	38,553,706	\$	37,146,816	\$	36,103,048
Earnings from Investments		\$	6,620,427	\$	10,967,626	\$	6,184,388
Fees and Charges		\$ \$	980,177	\$	751,260	\$	732,101
Total Operating Revenue	!	\$	46,154,310	\$	48,865,702	\$	43,019,537
Operating Expenses:							
Bond Expenses	9	\$	38,883,157	\$	37,837,519	\$	36,897,582
Servicing Fees	9	\$	2,534,835	\$	2,376,194	\$	2,157,072
General and Administrative	9	\$	2,685,985	\$	2,245,652	\$	1,940,699
Total Expenses	(4)	\$	44,103,977	\$	42,459,365	\$	40,995,353
Operating Income	(3)	\$	2,050,333	\$	6,406,337	\$	2,024,184
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	,	\$	2,050,333	\$	6,406,337	\$	2,024,184
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	•	*	137,960,360	~	131,554,023	7	129,529,839
Prior Period Adjustment			(11,560)		151,554,025		127,327,037
Net Assets, End of Year	_	\$	139,999,133	\$	137,960,360	\$	131,554,023
iver Assers, Lina Of Teal		Y	139,955,133	Y	137,900,300	Y	131,334,023

Discussion of Changes between 2006 and 2005

- (1) Current assets decreased by \$6.8 million between 2006 and 2005 due to greater mortgage purchasing. Mortgages Receivable increased \$49 million between years causing the increase in noncurrent assets. A 2006 change in reporting certain investments as current assets instead of noncurrent assets (as previously reported) is applied to 2005 and 2004 so assets are consistently presented for the three years. Financial Statement Note 1 contains details.
- (2) Noncurrent Liabilities increased \$37 million which is wholly attributable to increased Bonds Payable amount caused by the board issuing new bonds during the year. Financial Statement Note 8 contains details.
- (3) Earning from investments increased \$1.5 million due to higher interest rates but valuation changes required by GASB 31 (Financial Statements Note 1 - Investments) resulted in an unrealized loss of \$3 million in FY 2006. In 2005, the Board reported an unrealized gain of \$3 million for the GASB 31 valuation thereby causing a large difference between 2006 and 2005 investment earnings.
- (4) Bond Expenses and Servicing Fees increased due the greater number of bonds outstanding and the greater number of mortgages being serviced.
  General and Administrative expenses increased mostly due to the increased cost of Homebuyer Education being funded by the Board.

### MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

	FY 2006		FY 2005	
ASSETS				
Current Assets	_		_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,870,436	\$	5,771,588
Investments		177,112,947		187,407,778
Mortgage Loans Receivable		13,191,347		11,957,430
Interest Receivable		4,677,039		4,519,714
Due from Primary Government		7,328		5,237
Due from Other Governments		-		32,639
Security Lending Collateral		41,972		200 010
Prepaid Expense Total Current Assets	-\$	232,497	\$	208,810 209,903,196
Total Current Assets	_Φ_	203,133,566	Φ_	209,903,196
Noncurrent Assets				
Investments	\$	26,540,652	\$	28,939,630
Mortgage Loans Receivable		710,945,504		662,372,983
Deferred Bond Issuance Costs, Net		7,758,388		7,435,350
Capital Assets, Net		55,004		80,881
Total Noncurrent Assets	_\$_	745,299,548	_\$_	698,828,844
TOTAL ASSETS	_\$	948,433,114	\$	908,732,040
LIABILITIES				
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$	440,673	\$	461,019
Due to Primary Government	Ψ	21,524	Ψ	25,114
Due to Other Component Unit		21,024		150
Due to Other Government		_		32,639
Security Lending Liability		41,971		02,000
Property Held in Trust		-		3,255
Accrued Interest - Bonds Payable		3,519,431		3,656,257
Bonds Payable, Net		10,650,000		9,855,000
Arbitrage Rebate Payable to U.S.		. 0,000,000		0,000,000
Treasury Department		314,204		443,233
Accrued Compensated Absences		46,500		69,004
Total Current Liabilities	\$	15,034,303	\$	14,545,671
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Bonds Payable, Net	\$	794,476,577	\$	756,724,488
Deferred Refunding Costs	Ψ	(1,991,845)	Ψ	(1,365,779)
Arbitrage Rebate Payable to U.S.		(1,991,049)		(1,303,773)
Treasury Department		826,928		818,850
Accrued Compensated Absences		88,018		48,450
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	793,399,678	\$	756,226,009
TOTAL LIADILITIES	¢.	000 422 004	æ	770 771 600
TOTAL LIABILITIES		808,433,981	\$	770,771,680
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net	\$	55,004	\$	80,880
Restricted for Bondholders:	Ψ	00,001	Ψ	00,000
Unrealized (losses) gains on investments		1,606,245		4,564,519
Single Family Programs		86,521,510		85,678,849
Various Recycled Mortgage Programs		34,085,292		33,440,493
Multifamily Programs		9,838,105		8,710,759
Multifamily Project Commitments		220,867		225,441
Reverse Annuity Mortgage Program		4,825,002		2,634,845
Restricted for Affordable Revolving Loan Program		2,847,108		2,624,574
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	139,999,133	\$	137,960,360

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

Interest Income - Investments       9,578,702       8,061,488         Fee Income       315,600       219,119         Federal Financial Assistance       598,450       403,825         Net Increase (Decrease)       (2,958,275)       2,906,138         Grants and Contributions       -       117,539         Other Income       65,519       10,777         Securities Lending Gross Earnings       609			FY 2006			FY 2005
Interest Income - Investments       9,578,702       8,061,488         Fee Income       315,600       219,119         Federal Financial Assistance       598,450       403,825         Net Increase (Decrease)       (2,958,275)       2,906,138         Grants and Contributions       -       117,539         Other Income       65,519       10,777         Securities Lending Gross Earnings       609	OPERATING REVEN	IUES				
Fee Income       315,600       219,119         Federal Financial Assistance       598,450       403,825         Net Increase (Decrease)       (2,958,275)       2,906,138         Grants and Contributions       -       117,539         Other Income       65,519       10,777         Securities Lending Gross Earnings       609		Interest Income - Mortgage Loans	\$	38,553,706	\$	37,146,816
Federal Financial Assistance       598,450       403,825         Net Increase (Decrease)       (2,958,275)       2,906,138         Grants and Contributions       -       117,539         Other Income       65,519       10,777         Securities Lending Gross Earnings       609		Interest Income - Investments		9,578,702		8,061,488
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments (2,958,275) 2,906,138 Grants and Contributions - 117,539 Other Income 65,519 10,777 Securities Lending Gross Earnings 609		Fee Income		315,600		219,119
in Fair Value of Investments (2,958,275) 2,906,138 Grants and Contributions - 117,539 Other Income 65,519 10,777 Securities Lending Gross Earnings 609		Federal Financial Assistance		598,450		403,825
Grants and Contributions - 117,539 Other Income 65,519 10,777 Securities Lending Gross Earnings 609						
Other Income 65,519 10,777 Securities Lending Gross Earnings 609				(2,958,275)		2,906,138
Securities Lending Gross Earnings609		Grants and Contributions		-		117,539
				65,519		10,777
Total Operating Revenues <u>\$ 46,154,311</u> <u>\$ 48,865,702</u>		Total Operating Revenues	_\$	46,154,311	_\$_	48,865,702
OPERATING EXPENSES	ODEDATING EVDEN	1050				
OPERATING EXPENSES	OPERATING EXPEN		æ	27 272 424	Φ.	26 200 462
			Ф		Ф	36,298,463
				, ,		2,376,194
						575,740
						553,586
						1,552,373
		,		300,379		282,233
, ,				047 700		117,539
·						703,237
Securities Lending Expense 609						40.450.005
Total Operating Expenses <u>\$ 44,103,978</u> <u>\$ 42,459,365</u>		Total Operating Expenses	_\$	44,103,978	_\$_	42,459,365
Operating Income (Loss) Before Transfers		Operating Income (Loss) Refore Transfers		2 050 333		6,406,337
						6,406,337
(1) The case (Besieuse) in Net 7 issets 2,000,000 0,400,007		morease (Beorease) in Net Assets		2,000,000		0,400,001
Net Assets, Beginning of Year 137,960,360 131,554,023		Net Assets, Beginning of Year		137,960,360		131,554,023
Prior Period Adjustment (11,560)						- , ,-
·		•		<u> </u>		
Net Assets, End of Year <u>\$ 139,999,133</u> <u>\$ 137,960,360</u>		Net Assets, End of Year	\$	139,999,133		137,960,360

The accompanying notes are an intergral part of these financial statements.

### MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

		2006		2005
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITY				
Receipts for Sales and Services	\$	315,600	\$	215,955
Collections on Loans and Interest on Loans		142,053,626		134,465,707
Cash payments for Loans		(153,394,580)		(162,433,374)
Federal Financial Assistance Receipts		631,089		396,720
Receipts for Grants and Contributions		-		117,539
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(4,287,654)		(3,683,108)
Payments to Employees		(968,617)		(909,996)
Other Operating Revenues		67,872		10,775
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	_\$_	(15,582,664)	_\$_	(31,819,782)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Payment of Principal and Interest on Bonds and Notes	\$	(154,169,130)	\$	(122,322,868)
Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds and Notes		152,840,000		216,385,000
Payment of Bond Issuance Costs		(2,275,232)		(2,159,579)
Premium Paid on Refunding Bonds		2,477,860		4,416,754
Good Faith Deposit being Held				(680,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	_\$_	(1,126,502)	\$	95,639,307
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of fixed assets	\$	(14,040)	\$	(45,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of Investments	\$	(1,173,189,259)	\$	(1,000,704,058)
Proceeds from Sales or Maturities of Investments		1,182,924,810		927,737,555
Interest on Investments		9,509,575		7,742,593
Arbitrage Rebate Tax (Note 12)		(421,329)		(43,159)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	_\$_	18,823,797	\$	(65,267,069)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,100,591	\$	(1,492,544)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning bal.	\$	5,771,587	\$	7,264,131
Prior Period Adjustment	_	(1,742)	_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, ending bal.	\$	7,870,436	\$	5,771,587

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

DESCRICTION OF ODERATING INCOME TO VET	 FY 2006	FY 2005
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Income	\$ 2,050,333	\$ 6,406,337
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Depreciation	30,142	39,736
Amortization	443,182	853,908
Interest Expense	38,139,556	36,701,376
Interest on Investments	(9,578,702)	(8,061,487)
Arbitrage Rebate Tax	300,379	282,232
(Incr) Decr in Fair Value of Investments	2,958,275	(2,906,138)
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decr (Incr) in Mortgage Loans Receivable	(47,338,337)	(62,345,980)
Decr (Incr) in Other Assets	(111,910)	(153,077)
Incr (Decr) in Accounts Payable	(24,545)	1,468
Incr (Decr) in Deferred Reservation & Disc. Fees	(2,468,099)	(2,653,089)
Incr (Decr) in Compensated Absences Payable	17,062	14,932
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (15,582,664)	\$ (31,819,782)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Organization:

The Montana Board of Housing (the Board) is a quasi-judicial board created in 1975, by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Montana to facilitate the availability of decent, safe, and sanitary housing to persons and families of lower income as determined in accordance with the Board policy in compliance with the Internal Revenue Code. The Board is authorized to issue negotiable notes and bonds to fulfill its purposes. The total amount of notes and bonds outstanding at any time may not exceed \$1,500,000,000 (\$975 million prior to October 1, 2003). The discount price of bonds sold, not the face amount of the bonds, counts against this statutory ceiling. Neither the faith and credit nor taxing power of the State of Montana may be pledged for payment of amounts so issued. The Board of Housing is attached for administrative purposes to the Housing Division, Department of Commerce.

### **Basis of Presentation:**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). During fiscal year 2002 the Board implemented GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments", No. 37, "Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments: Omnibus" and No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures". In order to comply with the requirements of the statements noted, the Board's financial statements include a classified statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets that reports operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses, and the statement of cash flows. In addition, the "Management's Discussion and Analysis" precedes the financial statements as required supplementary information. Revenues in the proprietary funds are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The financial activities of the Board are recorded in funds established under various bond resolutions and the Montana Code Annotated (MCA). In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the statement of net assets and revenues and expenses for the period. The financial statements of the Board are presented on a combined basis. The combining financial information can be found in other supplemental information.

### **Reporting Entity:**

In accordance with governmental accounting and financial reporting standards, there are no component units to be included within the Board of Housing as a reporting entity. The financial statements of the Board of Housing are presented as a component unit in the State of Montana's Basic Financial Statements. The enterprise fund of the Board of Housing is part of but does not comprise the entire proprietary fund type of the State of Montana. The State of Montana directs and supervises budgeting, record keeping, reporting, and related administrative functions of the Board.

### **Fund Accounting:**

To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources by the trust indentures, the Board of Housing accounts are organized in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. This is the procedure by which resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds established according to their nature and purpose as described in the trust indentures. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which are comprised of each fund's assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenses.

The funds of the Board are classified as enterprise funds, that is, a fund that is financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the Board is that the expenses of meeting its organizational purpose be financed or recovered primarily through user charges and investment earnings, and the periodic determination of revenue earned and expenses incurred is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, and other purposes.

Restricted Net Assets - Effective June 30, 2005, The Board early implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 46 – <u>Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation</u>. Net Assets are considered restricted if they are limited as to the manner in or purpose for which they may be used. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Net Assets reports \$139,999,133 of restricted net assets, of which \$139,999,133 is restricted by enabling legislation.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Net Assets – Restricted for Bondholders represent bond program funds that are required to be used for program purposes as prescribed by individual bond indentures. The following describes the restrictions on the Net Assets: The individual bond indentures establish certain funds and accounts as special trust funds to hold the individual indenture funds. Because of the nature of the Board's bonds, these funds and accounts are pledged as collateral for the bonds under the individual program indentures. The individual indentures also set certain mortgage and debt service reserve requirements, restricting funds for these purposes. As disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements, the mortgage loans receivable are pledged as security for holders of the bonds. Certain indentures also require asset-liability coverage ratios be met as well as cash flow certificates be furnished for any significant change anticipated in the financial structure of an indenture.

Restricted Net Assets also include funds reserved by participants and funds committed to specific projects under various programs established by the Board.

### Revenue and Expense Recognition:

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The Board records all revenues and expenses related to mortgages, investments, and bonds as operating revenues and expenses.

### **Fund Structure:**

The Board's program funds and other funds have been presented on a combined basis, as the Board is considered a single enterprise fund for financial reporting purposes. A description of the funds established by the Board follows:

**Single Family Mortgage Program Funds** - These funds, established under two separate trust indentures adopted on various dates, are established for accounting for the proceeds from the sale of Single Family Mortgage Bonds and the debt service requirements of the bond indebtedness. Activities of these funds are, in general, restricted to the purchase of eligible single family mortgage loans. The mortgage loans must be insured by the Federal Housing Administration or guaranteed by Veterans Administration or Rural Development.

The accompanying combining financial statements include the activity of both Single Family Mortgage Program Funds. The assets of each individual Single Family Mortgage Program Fund are restricted by the Fund's respective trust indenture; therefore, the total does not indicate that the Single Family Mortgage Program Funds' assets are available in any manner other than provided for in the individual trust indentures. The Board has reserved funds for specific loan programs. These loans will be originated from funds available in the Single Family I and II Indentures.

**Multifamily Mortgage Program Funds -** These funds, established under a trust indenture adopted February 23, 1978, as amended and restated as of December 29, 1992, are established to account for the proceeds from the sale of Multifamily Mortgage Bonds, the debt service requirements of the bond indebtedness, and for construction and permanent mortgage loans on multifamily developments being financed from the bond proceeds. The Federal Housing Administration must insure mortgage loans originated prior to December 1992.

On November 10, 1998, the Board issued \$1,625,000 in Multifamily General Obligation Bonds. These bonds are payable out of any of the Board's moneys, assets or revenue. These funds, established under a trust indenture adopted November 1, 1998, are established to account for the proceeds from the sale of Multifamily Mortgage General Obligation Bonds, the debt service requirements of the bond indebtedness, and for construction and permanent mortgage loans on multifamily developments being financed from the bond proceeds. The mortgage loans originated under this Indenture are not required to be insured by the Federal Housing Administration.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### **Fund Structure - continued**

Housing Trust Fund - the Housing Trust Fund was established as a separate trust fund by a resolution of the Montana Board of Housing, adopted February 16, 1989. The Housing Trust Fund was created to finance in whole or in part future housing needs and the establishment of new programs as deemed necessary by the Board and any loans or projects that will provide housing for lower income persons and families with special housing needs. Current programs include, but are not limited to, the Reverse Annuity Mortgage Program (RAM) for senior Montana homeowners and the Cash Assistance Program – Disabled (CAP) to assist disabled individuals and families in the purchase of a single family home. The Housing Trust Fund also includes all activity from the Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program.

Affordable Housing Revolving Loan Account - Under 90-6-133, MCA, a Revolving Loan Account was established. The affordable housing revolving loan account was established in the state special revenue fund in the state treasury. For purposes of financial reporting, the Board has reclassified this account as an enterprise fund as allowed in GASB Statement No. 34. Senate Bill 243 of the 2003 Legislature moved the Revolving Loan Account to the enterprise fund effective July 1, 2003. The money in the loan account is allocated to the board for the purposes of providing loans to eligible applicants. House Bill 57 of the 2001 Legislature authorized the transfer of \$500,000 from the Federal Housing and Urban Development Section 8 administrative fee reserve account to this account. In addition, House Bill 273 of the 2001 Legislature allocated \$3,415,928 of the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) block grant to the Board to be used for purposes authorized by the block grant. Senate Bill 6 of the 2002 Special Session limited the transfer to \$700,000.

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents:**

For the purposes of the combining statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash held by the State of Montana Treasurer, cash and money market accounts held by trustees, and cash invested in the state's short term investment pool. Cash and cash equivalents are described in Note 2 of these financial statements.

### Investments:

Prior to 2006 investment contracts were reported as long-term investments. In 2006 the Board elected to change its investment contract reporting from long-term to short-term to accurately reflect the shift from holding contracts lasting greater than one year to contracts lasting less than one year. Comparative amounts in the 2005 Statement of Net Assets (Current Assets – Investments and Noncurrent Assets – Investments) were adjusted to retroactively to show this change in the application of accounting principle. The change had no effect on income.

Under GASB 31, certain investments are to be reported at fair value. The Board values all of its investments that have a maturity date of over one year at fair value. Those investments that have a maturity date of less than one year are valued at amortized cost. The fair values were based on market prices provided by the Board's trustees.

### Mortgage Loans Receivable:

Mortgage loans receivable are carried at their uncollected principal balances, adjusted for unamortized mortgage discounts and deferred loan fees, less an allowance for loan losses. Mortgage discounts and loan fees earned after 1988 are amortized using the interest method over the life of the mortgage loans and are accreted to interest income on mortgages. Mortgage discounts for all other program funds are amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining life of the mortgage loans and accreted to interest income.

The Board purchases mortgage loans secured by residences located throughout the State of Montana. Loans must be insured by the FHA (Federal Housing Administration) or private mortgage insurance or guaranteed by the VA (Veterans Administration) or RD (Rural Development). Guidelines to minimize credit risk are established by FHA, VA, RD & Board policies.

Interest receivable is accrued on the amount of outstanding mortgage loan principal only if deemed collectible. Accrual on non-performing loans ceases at six months.

Estimated losses are determined based on management's judgment, giving effect to numerous factors including, but not necessarily limited to, general economic conditions, loan portfolio composition, prior loss experience and independent appraisals. The reserve for anticipated loan losses represents amounts which are not expected to be fully reimbursed by certain guarantors.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### Mortgage Loans Receivable - continued

The Board incurs mortgage loan service fees with participating loan servicers based on outstanding monthly mortgage loan principal balances. The service fees are paid only when the mortgagee's full monthly payment is collected.

### **Capital Assets:**

Capital assets are recorded at cost and depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 4 to 5 years. The majority of capital assets consists of computers and software. The capitalization threshold for recording capital assets is \$5,000. Purchases under this threshold are recorded as expenses in the current period.

### **Bonds Payable:**

Bonds payable is adjusted for amortized bond premiums and discounts. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized or accreted to interest expenses using the interest method, as an adjustment to yield, over the life of the bonds to which they relate or are expensed upon early redemption of the bonds.

Bond issuance costs, including underwriter discounts, are amortized using the bonds outstanding method over the life of the bonds or are expensed upon redemption of the bonds.

### **Compensated Absences:**

The Board's employees earn vacation leave ranging from 15 to 24 days per year depending on the employee's years of service. Vacation leave may be accumulated to a total not to exceed two times the maximum number of days earned annually. Sick leave is earned at the rate of 12 days per year with no limit on accumulation. Upon retirement or termination, an employee is paid for 100% of unused vacation leave and 25% of unused sick leave.

### NOTE 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Board's cash and cash equivalents are held by trustees or by the State of Montana Treasury as cash or short-term investments. At June 30, 2006 and 2005, the carrying amounts of the Board's cash and cash equivalents equaled the bank balances.

Program Funds	2006	2005
Short-Term Investments	\$ 4,504,333	\$ 3,954,933
Short-Term Investment Pool*	2,559,184	949,221
Cash Deposited with Trustee Banks**	415,345	575,291
Cash Deposited with State Treasury	391,574	292,143
	\$ 7.870.436	\$ 5.771.588

\*The State's Short Term Investment Pool (STIP) balances are covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized by securities held by third parties in the Board's name. The units held in the State's Short Term Investment Pool (STIP) are valued at \$1 per unit. Although STIP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, the Montana Board of Investments (BOI) has a policy that STIP will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. In meeting certain conditions, STIP, as a 2a7-like pool, is allowed to use amortized cost rather than fair market value to report net assets to compute unit values. The STIP portfolio may include asset-backed securities, commercial paper, corporate and government securities, repurchase agreements, and variable rate (floating rate) instruments.

\*\*Cash deposits are held at the trustee banks. Based on the opinion of the Board's bond counsel, these funds are insured by the FDIC on a pass-through basis to the owners of mortgage bonds. Thus, each individual bondholder is entitled to \$100,000 of insurance coverage.

### **NOTE 3. SECURITIES LENDING**

The Board of Housing invests in the State's Short-Term Investment Pool. As part of the pool administered by the Board of Investments (BOI), the Board participates in securities lending transactions. Under GASB 28, the following disclosures are required:

Under the provisions of state statutes, the BOI has, via a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, authorized a custodial bank, State Street Bank and Trust, to lend the BOI's securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. During the period the securities are on loan, BOI receives a fee and the custodial bank must initially receive collateral equal to 102% of the fair value of the loaned securities and maintain collateral equal to not less than 100% of the fair value of the loaned security. BOI retains all rights and risks of ownership during the loan period.

During fiscal years 2006 and 2005, State Street lent, on behalf of BOI, certain securities held by State Street, as custodian, and received US dollar currency cash, US government securities, and irrevocable bank letters of credit. State Street does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities unless the borrower defaults.

BOI did not impose any restrictions during fiscal years 2006 and 2005 on the amount of loans that State Street made on its behalf. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during fiscal years 2006 and 2005. More over, there were no losses during fiscal years 2006 and 2005 resulting from a default of the borrowers or State Street.

During fiscal years 2006 and 2005, BOI and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested, together with the cash collateral of other qualified plan lenders, in a collective investment pool, the Securities Lending Quality Trust. The relationship between the average maturities of the investment pool and BOI's loans was affected by the maturities of the loans made by other plan entities that invested cash collateral in the collective investment pool, which BOI could not determine. On June 30, 2006 and June 30, 2005, BOI had no credit risk exposure to borrowers.

On June 30, 2006, there were \$41, 971 of securities on loan. On June 30, 2005, there were no securities on loan.

### **NOTE 4. INVESTMENTS**

Effective June 30, 2005, The Board implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40 – <u>Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>. The applicable investment risk disclosures are described in the following paragraphs.

### Power to Invest & Investment Policy

Montana statute grants the Board the power to invest any funds not required for immediate use, subject to any agreements with its bondholders and note holders. The Board conducts its investing according to an investment policy which is annually reviewed and follows the bond indenture, Internal Revenue Code, and state statutes. The policy prohibits the Board from investing in leveraged investments, including but not limited to derivatives. The Board's policy follows state law by limiting investments to following:

- Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America
- Indebtedness issued or guaranteed by Government Sponsored Entities such as Federal Home Loan Bank System, Federal National Mortgage Association, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, for example.
- Certificates of Deposit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- Guaranteed Investment Agreements or Repurchase Agreements

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the other party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Board investment policy mitigates credit risk by requiring investment providers to be rated in either of the two highest rating categories by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Services. The Board enters into guaranteed investment agreements and repurchase agreements as directed by bond indentures. The table included in this note identifies investment agreement participants and their ratings.

### **NOTE 4. INVESTMENTS - continued**

### Credit Risk Concentration

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an organization's investment with a single investment provider. Board investment policy follows the prudent expert principle as contained in Chapter 17, Part 6, Montana Code Annotated. This principle instructs investing entities to diversify investment holding to minimize the risk of loss. The table included in this note displays both investment provider and investment source diversity.

### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Board investment policy requires that investment contracts and repurchase agreements be fully collateralized with securities and cash held by the provider's agent and confirmed by the Board's trustee as required by the bond indentures. Securities underlying the investment contracts have a market value of at least 100% of the cost of the investment contract plus accrued interest. Securities underlying the repurchase agreements have a market value of at least 102% of the cost of repurchase agreement.

### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Board's investment policy does not explicitly address interest rate risk. However, the policy indirectly speaks about interest rate risk by stating that long-term investments are to be held to maturity and not for the intention of generating investment return. Typically, long-term investments are only sold as a result of refunding a bond issue or to meet liquidity needs. The following table displays Effective Duration for appropriate investment types or NA (not applicable) to indicate interest rate risk. All funds and component units of the State of Montana are required to use the duration method to report interest rate risk.

Investment Type & Source	Fair Value June 30,2006	Moody's <u>Rating</u>	Standard & Poor's Rating	Effective <u>Duration</u>
Investment Contracts				
AIG Matched Funding Corp	\$15,859,468	 NR**	NR**	NA
Bayerische Landesbank	21,138,994	NR	NR	NA
Peoples Benefit Life Insurance*	67,271,194	NR	NR	NA
Société Générale	1,553,422	NR	NR	NA
Transamerica Occidental	11,981,591	NR	NR	NA
Trinity Plus Funding Co.	9,709,873	NR	NR	NA
Westdeutsche Landesbank	2,354,847	NR	NR	NA
Morgan Stanley	613,172	NR	NR	NA
Contracts Total	\$ 130,482,560			
Government Sponsored				
Entities				
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$29,730,086	 Aaa	AAA	0.04
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	19,003,133	Aaa	AAA	9.21
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	18,233,429	Aaa	AAA	0.58
	\$66,966,648			
U. S. Treasury	\$ 6,204,008	NA	NA	9.87
Trustee Money Market Accounts	\$ 4,504,333	NA	NA	NA

<sup>\*</sup> As of June 30, 2006, \$67,271,194 of original, unexpended bond proceeds were on deposit in the 2006 Series B Program Acquisition fund to be used for the purchase of Single Family Program Mortgage Loans. The 2006 Series B bonds were issued June 7, 2006.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Investment Contracts are not rated (NR). However, the providers are required to meet ratings described in the Credit Risk section of this note.

### NOTE 5. MORTGAGE LOANS RECEIVABLE

The mortgage loans receivable are pledged in accordance with individual program indentures as security for holders of the bonds. Mortgage loans receivable consist of the following:

Mortgage loan receivables:	2006	2005
Single Family Program  Multifamily Program	\$702,343,163 15,379,143	\$655,034,346 15,712,910
Housing Trust Program Affordable Revolving Loan Account	1,706,519 2,530,492	1,488,225 2,385,496
Net mortgage discounts and deferred reservation fees	721,959,317 2,477,535	674,620,977 9.435
Allowance for loan losses and real estate owned (note 6)	(300,000) \$724,136,852	(300,000) \$674,330,412

### NOTE 6. ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES AND REAL ESTATE OWNED

The following summarizes activity in the allowance for loan losses and real estate owned:

Balance, June 30, 2004	300,000
Provision	11,750
Less: Net loans charged off	(11,750)
Balance, June 30, 2005	300,000
Provision	0
Less: Net loans charged off	0
Balance, June 30, 2006	\$ 300,000

The allowance for loan losses includes \$200,000 at June 30, 2006 and 2005 for future estimated losses on real estate owned. Real estate owned property is property that is acquired through foreclosure or in satisfaction of loans and is initially recorded at the lower of the related loan balance, less any specific allowance for loss, or fair market value minus estimated costs to sell. The Board held two real estate owned properties as of June 30, 2006, and no real estate owned properties as of June 30, 2005.

### NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets consist primarily of computer software and equipment and other office equipment. Balances are as follows:

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Capital Assets - Equipment Capital Assets - Software Accumulated depreciation	\$ 62,665 49,832 (57,493)	\$87,917 369,264 (376,300)
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 55,004</u>	\$ 80,881

Depreciation and amortization expense included in general and administrative expense was \$28,358 and \$39,737 for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 respectively.

### NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE, NET

Bonds payable, net of premium or discount, consists of the following:

	Original	2006	2005
Single Family I Mortgage Bonds:	<u>Amount</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 4.00% to 6.15% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2011, and on December 1, 2020, December 1, 2017, December 1, 2027, December 1, 2020, June 1, 2030 and December 1, 2037.		\$37,615,000	\$42,190,000
Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 4.35% to 5.75% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2012, and on December 1, 2014, December 1, 2020, June 1, 2030 and December 1, 2031.	60,000,000	17,095,000	21,220,000
2000 Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 4.15% to 6.45% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2012, and on June 1, 2016, June 1, 2019, December 1, 2020, June 1, 2029 December 1, 2031 and June 1, 2032.	87,695,000	15,045,000	20,115,000
2000 Series B-1 and B-2 serial and term bonds 4.40% to 7.95% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to June 1, 2015, and on June 1, 2020, December 1, 2020, December 1, 2029, June 1, 2032 December 1, 2031.	71,940,000	30,835,000	38,580,000
2001 Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 4.30% to 5.70% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2020, December 1, 2023 December 1, 2031, June 1, 2032 and December 1, 2032	71,000,000	32,330,000	39,015,000
Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 1.70% to 5.60% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2022, December 1, 2032 and December 1, 2033.	39,000,000	20,715,000	24,500,000
Series B-1 and B-2 serial and term bonds 2.30% to 5.55% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2023, December 1, 2026, December 1, 2032, June 1, 2033, December 1, 2033, and June 1, 2034.	52,190,000	34,200,000	41,425,000

### NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE, NET - continued

2005	Original <u>Amount</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
2005 Series A serial and term bonds 2.80% to 5.60% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2013, December 1, 2030, December 1, 2035, and June 1, 2036.	93,785,000	93,455,000	93,785,000
2006 Series A serial and term bonds 3.40% to 5.25% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to June 1, 2016, December 1, 2016, December 1, 2025, December 1, 2036, and June 1, 2037.	50,560,000	50,560,000	0
2006 Series B serial and term bonds 3.75% to 5.50% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to June 1, 2016, June 1, 2021, June 1, 2026, June 1, 2037, and December 1, 2037.	72,000,000	72,000,000	0
Bonds outstanding Single Family I Unamortized bond premium Total bonds payable Single Family I	-	\$ 403,850,000 4,265,891 \$ 408,115,891	\$ 320,830,000
Single Family II Mortgage Bonds: 1985  Series A, serial, term, Postponed Revenue on Future Income Tax(PROFITS), all redeemed. CABS are reported at accreted value, and scheduled for redemption, in part, in semi-annual installments to December 1, 2004 and December 1, 2015 to June 1, 2016.	39,999,625	1,138,152	1,110,562
Series B, term bonds maturing in scheduled semi- annual installments to June 1, 2011.	74,996,862	675,000	760,000
1994 Series A-1 and A-2, serial and term bonds, 3.1% to 6.1% interest, serial and term bonds maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2002, and on June 1, 2015 and December 1, 2024.	25,725,000	420,000	1,975,000
1995 Series B-1 and B-2 serial and term bonds 4.20% to 6.40% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2008, June 1, 2006 to December 1, 2008 and on December 1, 2014, December 1, 2021, December 1, 2027,			
and June 1, 2035.	88,000,000	0	29,290,000

### NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE, NET - continued

	Original <u>Amount</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
1996 Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 4.70% to 6.375% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2009, and on December 1, 2 June 1, 2016, June 1, 2024, and December 1, 2028.	012, 65,000,000	10,805,000	13,325,000
Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 4.00% to 5.45% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2012, and on December 1, 2016, June 1, 2019, June 1, 2027, December 1, 2030 and June 1, 2031.	51,780,000	18,870,000	23,290,000
1998 Series B-1 and B-2 serial and term bonds 4.65% to 5.35% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2013, and on December 1, 2016, June 1, 2021, December 1, 2022, December 1, 2030 and , June 1, 2031.	65,000,000	24,490,000	29,760,000
Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 1.20% to 4.90% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2024, June 1, 2033, December 1, 2033, June 1, 2034, June 1, 2035, June 1, 2042, and December 1, 2042.	52,520,000	44,965,000	49,850,000
Series B-1 and B-2 serial and term bonds 1.10% to 4.50% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2023, December 1, 2024, December 1, 2025, December 1, 2026, December 1, 2027, December 1, 2028, December 1, 2032, December 1, 2033, December 1, 2034, December 1, 2041, and December 1, 2042.	70,700,000	58,770,000	66,960,000
Series C serial and term bonds 1.45% to 5.05% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to June 1, 2023, December 1, 2023, December 1, 2028, and December 1, 2034.	40,500,000	33,930,000	38,770,000
2004 Series A serial and term bonds 1.40% to 5.00% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2023, June 1, 2024, June 1, 2029, December 1, 2029, and June 1, 2035.	50,600,000	43,030,000	49,145,000

### NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE, NET - continued

2004	Original <u>Amount</u>	2006	<u>2005</u>
Series B serial and term bonds 1.85% to 5.75% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2014, June 1, 2015, December 1, 2024, December 1, 2030 and December 1, 2035.	68,000,000	61,980,000	67,510,000
Series C serial and term bonds 2.00% to 5.00% Maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments To December 1, 2016, December 1, 2025, December 1, 2030, June 1, 2035, and December 1, 2035.	54,600,000	52,095,000	54,590,000
2005 RA			
Series A serial and term bonds 4.10% to 4.75% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2016, December 1, 2017, December 1, 2021, December 1, 2026, December 1, 2027, and June 1, 2044.	30,280,000	29,465,000	0
Bonds outstanding Single Family II Unamortized bond premium / discount Total bonds payable Single Family II		\$ 380,633,152 4,799,354 \$ 385,432,506	5,527,793
Total Single Family Mortgage bonds payable, net		\$ 793,548,397	\$ 754,632,553

All single-family mortgage bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund requirements of scheduled amounts commencing at various dates and to optional redemption at various dates at prices ranging from 100% to 103%.

Single Family I and II mortgage bonds are general obligation bonds of the Board of Housing within the individual bond indenture.

	Original Amount	2006	2005
Multifamily Mortgage Bonds:			
1978 -			
Series A, 6.125% interest, maturing in scheduled annual installments to August 1, 2019.	\$4,865,000	\$865,000	\$895,000
1992 -			
Series A, 2.95% to 6.55% interest, serial and term bonds, maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to August 1, 2006, and on August 1, 2012, and August 1, 2023.	9,725,000	0.00	110,000
1996			
Series A, 4.10% to 6.15% interest, serial and term bonds, maturing in scheduled annual installments to August 1, 2011, and on			
August 1, 2016, and August 1, 2026.	890,000	740,000	760,000

NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE, NET - continued	Original <u>Amount</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
1998 Series A 3.5% to 4.70% interest, serial and term bonds, maturing in scheduled annual installments to August 1, 2014 and on August 1, 2029.	1,625,000	1,250,000	1,275,000
1999 Series A 4.95% to 8.45% interest, term Bonds, maturing in scheduled semi annual installments to August 1, 2008, August 1, 2010, August 1, 2016, August 1, 2025, August 1, 2030,			
August 1, 2037, August 1, 2041 and August 1, 2039. Total bonds outstanding Unamortized bond premium Total Multifamily Mortgage bonds payable, net	9,860,000	8,765,000 11,620,000 (41,820) \$ 11,578,180	8,950,000 11,990,000 (43,065) \$ 11,946,935
Combined total bonds payable, net		\$ 805,126,577	<u>\$ 766,579,488</u>

All Multifamily mortgage bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund requirements of scheduled amounts commencing at various dates and to optional redemption at various dates at prices ranging from 100% to 102%.

The 1998A Multifamily bonds are general obligations of the Board.

The following is a summary of bond principal and interest requirements as of June 30, 2006:

Fiscal	Single Family	ı	Multifamily			
Year	Mortgage		Mortgage	Principal		Interest
<b>Ending</b>	Program Funds	<u>Pro</u>	ogram Funds	<u>Totals</u>		<u>Totals</u>
2007	\$ 49,654,083	\$	970,786	\$ 10,650,000		\$ 39,974,869
2008	51,078,275		971,144	12,430,000		39,619,419
2009	51,848,357		970,847	13,725,000		39,094,204
2010	51,556,081		973,768	14,020,000		38,509,849
2011	51,677,358		970,581	14,765,000		37,882,939
2012-16	262,758,848		4,524,378	89,107,813		178,175,414
2017-21	262,647,847		3,822,235	112,175,000		154,295,082
2022-26	269,045,360		3,442,813	151,155,000		121,333,174
2027-31	262,739,037		3,039,364	189,185,000		76,593,401
2032-36	180,391,527		2,702,516	154,075,000		29,019,043
2037-41	31,702,811		2,840,816	29,900,000		4,643,628
2042-46	7,083,616		0	6,665,000	_	418,616
Total	\$ 1,532,183,200	\$	25,229,249	 \$ 797,852,813	_	\$ 759,559,637

Cash paid for interest expenses during the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$38,139,595 and \$36,956,738, respectively.

### Changes in Bonds Payable

	6/30/2005				6/30/2006
	Balance	Increases	Decreases		Balance
Single Family	\$ 754,632,553	155,273,410	(116,357,567)	\$	793,548,397
Multi Family	11,946,935		(368,755)	-	11,578,180
Total	\$ 766,579,488	155,273,410	(116,726,322)	\$	805,126,577

### NOTE 9. LOSS ON REDEMPTION

During the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 the Board redeemed Single Family mortgage program bonds prior to scheduled maturity as follows:

2006	2005
\$25,105,000	\$25,060,000
10,770,000	20,730,000
35,875,000	45,790,000
46,804,127	19,275,231
23,915,000	12,263,694
70,719,127	31,538,925
0	1,410,000
\$106,594,127	<u>\$78,738,925</u>
	\$25,105,000 10,770,000 35,875,000 46,804,127 23,915,000 70,719,127

All such Bonds were redeemed at par or 100% of their compounded value to date of redemption. Unamortized discounts and cost of issuance associated with the bonds redeemed were expensed at time of redemption and are reported as losses on redemption of \$947,732 and \$703,237 in 2006 and 2005, respectively.

### NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS

The Board has reserved and is in the process of purchasing Single Family Mortgages of approximately \$4,793,004 from the issuance of the 2005 Series A Bonds.

The Board has committed to purchase Single Family Mortgages as noted below:

Neighborhood Housing Services MT Home Ownership

regriborrious riousing oct vices wit frome own	Signip
Network	\$4,456,104
Neighborhood Housing Services MT Home Owne	ership
Network (Subordinate Loan)	1,132,544
MT Home Ownership Network Lender Pool	1,483,916
FNMA Home Ownership	1,165,942
District IX Human Resource Council Bozeman	1,923,263
District XI Human Resource Council Missoula	1,630,260
North Missoula Community Development	1,663,960
Town of Bridger	85,157
City of Billings	474,089
Teachers Conventional Loans	661,488
Lake County	1,408,287
City of Lewistown	489,194
GR8 Hope	2,386,828
GAP Financing Program	1,000,000
Foreclosure Prevention	50,000
Disabled Affordable Accessible Homeownership	
Program	1,035,687
Town of Terry	89,510
First Time Homebuyers Savings Account	1,120,203
Lot Refinance	1,040,769
Habitat for Humanity	1,061,328
Glacier Affordable Housing Program	555,451
HUD Section 184-Indian Housing	\$3,630,575
USDA Rural Housing Development	995,983
Down Payment Pool	4,544,754
Total Single Family Commitments	<u>\$34,085,292</u>

### **NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS (continued)**

Other Commitments--Single Family I Reverse Annuity Mortgage Program

\$2,000,000

The Board has the following Multifamily commitments:
Financing Adjustment Factor Subsidy Set aside
(restricted by agreement with HUD)
Total Multifamily Commitments

\$220,867

The Board has committed Housing Trust Funds as noted below:

Reverse Annuity Mortgage Program

\$2,825,002

These mortgage commitments will be funded through cash and investments.

### NOTE 11. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Board of Housing and its employees contribute to the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). PERS offers two types of retirement plans administered by the Montana Public Employees' Retirement Administration.

**Defined Benefit Retirement Plan:** The Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (DBRP) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan that provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are based on eligibility, years of service and highest average compensation. Vesting occurs once membership service totals five years. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the legislature.

**Defined Contribution Retirement Plan:** The Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (DCRP)was created by the 1999 legislature and available to all active PERS members effective July 1, 2002. This plan is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan that also provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are based on the balance in the member's account, which includes the total contributions made, the length of time the funds have remained in the plan, and the investment earnings less administrative costs.

The PERS issues publicly available annual reports that include financial statements and required supplemental information for the plans. Those reports may be obtained from the following:

Public Employees' Retirement Administration P.O. Box 200131 100 North Park Suite 220 Helena, MT 59620-0131 406-444-3154

Contribution rates for the plans are required and determined by state law.

The contribution rates for 2006 expressed as a percentage of covered payroll are as follows:

<u>Employee</u> <u>Employer</u> <u>Total</u> 6.90% 13.80%

The amounts contributed to the plans during the years ended June 30, 2004, 2005, and 2006 were equal to the required contribution each year. The amounts contributed by both the Board and by employees, as required by state law, were as follows:

Fiscal Year 2006 - \$ 49,514 Fiscal Year 2005 - \$ 47,719 Fiscal Year 2004 - \$ 42,603

### NOTE 11. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

**Deferred Compensation Plan:** The Board's permanent employees are eligible to participate in the State of Montana's deferred compensation plan. The compensation deferred is not available to employees until separation from state service, retirement, death, or upon an unforeseeable emergency, when still employed and meeting IRS specified criteria. The plan is governed by Internal Revenue Service Code (IRC) Section 457 and Title 19, chapter 50, Montana Code Annotated (MCA). The Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996 resulted in changes to IRC Section 457 and Title 19, chapter 50, MCA. Assets of the deferred compensation plan are required to be held in trust, custodial accounts or insurance company contracts for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. For plans in existence as of August 20, 1996, compliance was required by January 1, 1999.

### NOTE 12. CONTINGENT ARBITRAGE REBATE LIABILITY PAYABLE TO U.S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT

The Board has established an accrual for the contingent liability for estimated arbitrage payments due to the Treasury Department in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code. The amount of the rebate in general terms is the difference between the actual interest earned on investments and "allowable" interest as defined by Treasury Department Regulations. Ninety percent of the estimated rebate will be paid to the United States Treasury within 60 days of the end of every fifth bond year until the bonds are retired, at which time 100% of the remaining rebate amount is due.

The Board made \$421,329 in arbitrage rebate cash payments to the United States Treasury Department in fiscal year 2006 and \$43,160 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The related liabilities were \$1,141,133 and \$1,262,083 as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

### NOTE 13. NO-COMMITMENT DEBT

The Board of Housing is authorized to issue its bonds and to make mortgage loans in order to finance housing which will provide decent, safe and sanitary housing for persons and families of lower income in the State of Montana.

The bonds are not general obligations of the board but special limited obligations payable solely from pledged revenues and assets. The board is not obligated to make payment on the bonds from any of its assets other than those revenues and assets so pledged. The board has no taxing power. Accordingly, these bonds are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

The bonds are not a debt of the state and the state is not liable for the bonds. Neither the state's faith or credit or taxing power is pledged to the payment of bond principal or interest.

Bond Series	Original Amount	Outstanding as of 6/30/2006
Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds Series 2005A-1	\$516,000	\$516,000
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds Series 2006A	\$2,104,700	\$2,104,700
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds Taxable Series 2006B	\$517,746	\$517,746

### NOTE 14. REFUNDING AND DEFERRED BOND ISSUANCE COSTS

On November 16, 2005, Series 2005RA was issued in the amount of \$30,280,000. Of the proceeds, \$29,120,000 was used as a replacement refunding of the Series 1995 B bonds on December 1, 2005.

Under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 23, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Refundings of Debt Reported by Proprietary Activities, deferred costs are required to be amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded bonds or the life of the refunding bonds.

The following costs associated with the refunding were deferred and are being amortized under the GASB 23 guidelines:

### FY 2006 Refunding:

Cost of Issuance related to the refunded bonds (95B)	\$215,455
Premium paid on the refunded bonds (95B)	582,400
Total deferred refunding costs	797,855
Less amortization FY 2006	<u>30,525</u>
Amount remaining to be amortized on FY 2006 issues	\$767,330

### **Prior years' Refundings:**

Unamortized Deferred refunding costs from prior years' refunding \$1,224,515

Total unamortized \$1,991,845

The refunding of the 1995B bonds resulted in an economic gain of \$6,274,029 and a difference in cash flows of \$3,328,826.

### **NOTE 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

On September 20, 2006, the Board issued \$70,805,000 of Single Family Mortgage Bonds Series 2006 C. The Bonds will mature on June 1, 2007, through December 1, 2037, with interest rates from 3.50% to 5.75%.

### NOTE 16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Certain Board of Housing directors are officers of community organizations that are eligible to participate in Board sponsored or operated programs.

# MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2006 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2005)

	Single Family	Single Family	SINGLE FAMILY PROGRAM FUND	MULTIFAMILY PROGRAM	HOUSING TRUST	AFF REVOI	ABLE S LOAN	Combine	Combined Totals
ASSETS	Indenture I	Indenture II	TOTALS	FUNDS	FUND	ACCI		FY 2006	FY 2005
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Mortgage Loans Receivable	\$ 1,556,692 118,722,129 5,562,838	\$ 2,196,766 55,247,694 7,103,443	\$ 3,753,458 173,969,823 12,666,281	\$ 1,600,685 3,143,124 513.287	\$ 2,273,988	Š.	242,305	\$ 7,870,436 177,112,947 13,191,347	\$ 5,771,588 187,407,778 11,957,430
Interest Receivable Interfund Receivable * Due from Primary Government	2,160,601 634,427 3,664	2,037,308 355,573 3,664	4,197,909 990,000 7,328	96,520	307,048		75,562	4,677,039 990,000 7,328	4,519,714
Due from Other Governments Security Lending Collateral Prenaid Expense	6,168	6,168	12,336	3 213	29,123		512	- 41,972 232,497	5,237 32,639 208,810
Total Current Assets	\$ 128,749,359	\$ 67,054,438	\$ 195,803,798	\$ 5,356,829	\$ 2,632,780	8	330,159	\$ 204,123,566	\$ 209,903,196
Noncurrent Assets Investments Mortgage Loans Receivable Deferred Bond Issuance Costs, Net Cantal Assets Net	\$ 2,813,970 322,170,963 3,870,814 2,1498	\$ 22,611,878 369,683,453 3,711,859	\$ 25,425,848 691,854,416 7,582,673 54,171	\$ 1,114,804 14,865,856 175,715	\$ 1,706,519 - 416	& 2,5	2,518,713	\$ 26,540,652 710,945,504 7,758,388 55,004	\$ 28,939,630 662,372,983 7,435,350 80,881
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$ 328,877,245	\$ 396,039,863	\$ 724,917,108	\$ 16,156,792	\$ 1,706,935	\$ 2,5	2,518,713	\$ 745,299,548	\$ 698,828,844
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 457,626,604	\$ 463,094,303	\$ 920,720,907	\$ 21,513,621	\$ 4,339,715	\$ 2,8	2,848,872	\$ 949,423,114	\$ 908,732,040
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Accounts Payable	\$ 264,325	\$ 155,485	\$ 419,810	\$ 12,571	\$ 8,015	€	277	\$ 440,673	\$ 461,019
niterituid Payable  Due to Primary Government  Due to Other Component Unit	8,680	8,680	17,360	1,023	2,166 2,166		975	21,524 -	25,114
Security Lending Liability	6,168	6,168	12,336		29,123		512	41,971	32,639
Accrued Interest - Bonds Payable Bonds Payable, Net	1,712,885 4,645,000	1,514,760 5,730,000	3,227,645 10,375,000	291,786 275,000				3,519,431 10,650,000	3,555 3,656,257 9,855,000
Arbitrage, recease Payable to 0.5. Treasury Department Accrued Compensated Absences Total Current Liabilities	86,513 17,971 \$ 6,741,542	227,691 17,969 \$ 7,660,753	314,204 35,940 \$ 14,402,295	6,185 \$ 586,565	4,375 \$ 1,033,679	<del>(</del> 9	1,764	314,204 46,500 \$ 16,024,303	443,233 69,004 \$ 14,545,671
Noncurrent Liabilities Bonds Payable, Net Befred Refunding Costs Artistrate Dahada Danahah te II S	\$ 403,470,891 (767,330)	\$ 379,702,506 (1,224,515)	\$ 783,173,397 (1,991,845)	\$ 11,303,180	 €9	↔		\$ 794,476,577 (1,991,845)	\$ 756,724,488 (1,365,779)
A but age recease reygue to 0.5. Treasury Department Accrued Compensated Absences Total Noncurrent Liabilities	219,823 34,014 \$ 402,957,398	607,105 34,014 \$ 379,119,110	826,928 68,028 \$ 782,076,508	- 11,707 \$ 11,314,887	8,283 \$ 8,283	<del>6</del>		826,928 88,018 \$ 793,399,678	818,850 48,450 \$ 756,226,009
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 409,698,940	\$ 386,779,863	\$ 796,478,803	\$ 11,901,452	\$ 1,041,962	8	1,764	\$ 809,423,981	\$ 770,771,680
NET ASSETS Invested in Capital Assets, Net Doctorate for Doctorates	\$ 21,498	\$ 32,673	\$ 54,171	\$	\$ 416	↔	1	\$ 55,004	\$ 80,880
Unrealized (losses) gains on investments Single Family Programs	(2,714) 31,918,855	1,583,845 54,602,655	1,581,131 86,521,510	25,114	'			1,606,245 86,521,510	4,564,519 85,678,849
Multifamily Project Commitments	100000	00,000	100,000,000	9,365,771	472,334			9,838,105 220,867	8,710,759 8,710,759 225,441
Reverse Annuity Mortgage Program Restricted for Affordable Revolving Loan Program		2,000,000	2,000,000		2,825,002	2.8	2.847.108	4,825,002	2,634,845
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 47,927,664	\$ 76,314,440	\$ 124,242,104	\$ 9,612,169	\$ 3,297,752	2,8	2,847,108	\$ 139,999,133	\$ 137,960,360

<sup>\*</sup>Interfund Payable & Receivable records a temporary loan between Board program funds that is expected to be repaid within one year. The loan is excluded from the Board's Statement of Net Assets and Current Liabilities balances therefore does not include the amount of this loan.

MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING
A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005)

l Totals	FY 2005		\$ 37,146,816	8,061,488	219,119	403,825	0000	7,906,138	10,777	\$ 48,865,702		\$ 36,298,463	2,376,194	575,740	553,586	1,552,373	282,233	117,539	703,237		\$ 42,459,365	6,406,337	'	6,406,337	131,554,023		\$ 137,960,360
Combined Totals	FY 2006		\$ 38,553,706	9,578,702	315,600	598,450	(1000)	(C/7906/7) -	65,519	\$ 46,154,311		\$ 37,272,424	2,534,834	1,039,470	362,622	1,645,907	300,379		947,732	609	\$ 44,103,978	2,050,333	1	2,050,333	137,960,360		\$ 139,999,133
	AFFORDABLE REVOLVING LOAN ACCT		40,000	(900'6)		192,808			22	223,824		•	•	276		066	•			22	1,288	222,535		222,535	2,624,573	' 	2,847,108
	A HOUSING TRUST FUND		86,312 \$	31,858	254,121				555	372,846 \$		\$	•	15,337		201,981				555	217,873 \$	154,973	'	154,973	3,142,779		3,297,753 \$
	HOUSI		\$							\$		۰									\$						<b>م</b>
	MULTIFAMILY PROGRAM FUNDS		915,135	171,801	13,644	236,603				1,362,296		705,402	17,140	29,851	11,038	182,976	•		•		946,407	415,890	259,396	675,286	8,936,883		9,612,169
	ML		۰							\$		ς٠									\$						<b>م</b>
	SINGLE FAMILY PROGRAM FUND TOTALS		37,512,259	9,384,049	47,835	169,039	, (000 000 0)	(2,963,388)	65,519	44,195,345		36,567,022	2,517,694	994,006	351,584	1,259,960	300,379		947,732	32	42,938,409	1,256,936	(259,396)	997,540	123,256,124 (11,560)		124,242,104
	IS S	] [	\$		~	_	_	-	C 9	s   -		\$	_	_			_			 او	ا	~			- 6		- -∥
	Single Family Indenture II		21,300,546	4,570,862	22,593	168,064	71,000	(2,980,6/4)	32,500	23,113,907		19,302,036	1,474,910	591,104	99,766	735,006	212,810		615,286	-	23,021,934	91,973	(8,000,000)	(7,908,027)	84,224,169		76,314,440
			\$							\$		⋄									- √						<b>ا</b> ا
	Single Family Indenture I		\$ 16,211,713	4,813,187	25,242	975	()	(2,714)	33,019	\$ 21,081,438		\$ 17,264,986	1,042,783	402,902	260,819	524,954	87,569		332,446	16	\$ 19,916,475	1,164,963	7,740,604	8,905,567	39,031,955		\$ 47,927,664
		OPERATING REVENUES	Interest Income - Mortgage Loans	Interest Income - Investments	Fee Income	Federal Financial Assistance	Net Increase (Decrease)	In Fair value of investments Grants and Contributions	Other Income Securities Lending Gross Earnings	Total Operating Revenues	OPERATING EXPENSES	Interest on Bonds	Servicer Fees	Contracted Services	Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs	General and Administrative	Arbitrage Rebate Expense	Grants / Subcontracts	Loss on Redemption	Securities Lending Expense	Total Operating Expenses	Operating Income (Loss) Before Transfers	Transfers In(Out)	Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	Net Assets, Beginning of Year Prior Period Adjustment		Net Assets, End of Year
		OPER									OPER																

# MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005)

Combined Totals

					Ū	SINGLEFAMILY	E W	MI II TIFAMII Y			A FEORDARI E	. שושער				
	Single	Single Family Indenture I	Single	Single Family Indenture II	2 K	PROGRAM FUND TOTALS	PRO	PROGRAM FUNDS	HOUSING TRUST FUND	rRUST	REVOLVING	VING		2006		2005
CASH ELOWS EBOM OPERATING ACTIVITY																
Receipts for Sales and Services	65	25.242	69	22.593	69	47.835	69	13.644	€:	254.121	65		€:	315.600	<del>G</del>	215.955
Collections on Loans and Interest on Loans	٠	61 746 665	٠	78 770 447	•	140 517 112		1 250 633		225,577		60 304		142 053 626		134 465 707
Cash payments for Loans		(136.105,907)		(16.700,601)		(152,806,508)			1 4	401.750)	٠	186,322)		(153,394,580)		(162,433,374)
Federal Financial Assistance Receipts		975		200,703		201,678		236,604		` '	`	192,807		631,089		396,720
Receipts for Grants and Contributions		•		,										,		117,539
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(1.594.672)		(2.450.597)		(4.045.269)		(131,007)	Ξ	111.340)		(38)		(4.287.654)		(3.683, 108)
Payments to Employees		(378,413)		(378,412)		(756.825)		(94,224)	Ξ	117,568)				(968.617)		(966'606)
Other Operating Beyonines		34 778		32 516		67 294				אַצע		23		67.872		10 775
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	s	(76,271,332)	Θ	59,496,649	8	(16,774,683)	8	1,275,650	\$ (1	(150,405)	69	66,774	8	(15,582,664)	es	(31,819,782)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL																
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:																
Payment of Principal and Interest on Bonds and Notes	₩	(56,858,664)	↔	(96,228,087)	s	(153,086,751)	\$	(1,082,379)	<del>ss</del>		<del>s</del>		€	(154,169,130)	<b>⇔</b>	(122, 322, 868)
Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds and Notes		122,560,000		30,280,000		152,840,000		,		,		,		152,840,000		216,385,000
Payment of Bond Issuance Costs		(1,324,847)		(920,385)		(2,275,232)		•						(2,275,232)		(2, 159, 579)
Premium Paid on Refunding Bonds		2,477,860				2,477,860		•				•		2,477,860		4,416,754
Due from Other Funds		(634,427)		(355,573)		(000'066)			0	000'066						
Transfers in (out)		7,740,604		(8,000,000)		(259,396)		259,396						•		
Good Faith Deposit being Held						1				,		٠				(000'089)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	θ	73,960,526	<del>ss</del>	(75,254,045)	es	(1,293,519)	8	(822,983)	8	000'066	s	1	s	(1,126,502)	ક્ક	95,639,307
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL ACTIVITIES																
Purchase of fixed assets	<b>⇔</b>	(7,020)	€9	(7,020)	↔	(14,040)							\$	(14,040)	€9	(45,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:																
Purchase of Investments	s	(401,051,247)	69	(768,766,698)	છ	(1,169,817,945)	8	(3,371,314)	s		ક્ર	,	\$	(1,173,189,259)	69	(1,000,704,058)
Proceeds from Sales or Maturities of Investments		391,689,159		787,414,270		1,179,103,429	.,	3,821,381					_	1,182,924,810		927,737,555
Iransrer or investments		7,740,604		(8,000,000)		(259,396)		472 064		24 050		- (9000)		- 229 0 5 0		7 7 4 2 5 0 2
Arbitrage Rebate Tax		(349.400)		(71.929)		(421,329)		100,0		000,-		(900,6)		(421,329)		(43.159)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	8	2,688,380	€	15,230,018	₩	17,918,398	€9	882,547	\$	31,858	\$	(900'6)	9	18,823,797	€9	(65,267,069)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	↔	370,554	₩	(534,398)	↔	(163,844)	€	1,335,214	∞	871,453	₩	57,768	₩	2,100,591	€	(1,492,544)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning bal.	₩	1,187,881	₩	2,731,163	↔	3,919,044	↔	265,471	\$ 1,4	1,402,535	↔	184,537	₩.	5,771,587	<b>⇔</b>	7,264,131
Prior Period Adjustment Cash and Cash Equivalents, ending bal.	↔	(1,742) 1,556,693	€9	2,196,765	69	(1,742) 3,753,458	€9	1,600,685	\$ 2,2	2,273,988	€	242,305	e es	(1,742) 7,870,436	s	5,771,587

# MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005)

							Comb (Memor	Combined Totals (Memorandum Only)	(\(\frac{1}{2}\)
	Single Family Indenture I	Single Family Indenture II	SINGLE FAMILY PROGRAM FUND TOTALS	MULTIFAMILY PROGRAM FUNDS	HOUSING TRUST FUND	AFFORDABLE REVOLVING LOAN ACCT	FY 2006	ш	FY 2005
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES							) 		
Operating Income	\$ 1,164,963	\$ 91,973	\$ 1,256,936	\$ 415,890	\$ 154,973	\$ 222,534	\$ 2,050,333	€9	6,406,337
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY									
Depreciation	13,605	16,003	29,608	267	267	•	30,142	01	39,736
Amortization	453,287	(22,387)	430,900	12,282	•	•	443,182	01	853,908
Interest Expense	17,404,923	20,030,475	37,435,398	704,158	•	•	38,139,556	<b>~</b>	36,701,376
Interest on Investments	(4,813,187)	(4,570,862)	(9,384,049)	(171,801)	(31,858)	900'6	(9,578,702)	(1	(8,061,487)
Arbitrage Rebate Tax	87,569	212,810	300,379			•	300,379		282,232
(Incr) Decr in Fair Value of Investments Change in Assets and Liabilities:	2,714	2,980,674	2,983,388	(25,113)	•	•	2,958,275	10	(2,906,138)
Decr (Incr) in Mortgage Loans Receivable	(87.946.119)	40.637.303	(47.308.816)	333.768	(218.292)	(144.997)	(47.338.337		(62.345.980)
Decr (Incr) in Other Assets	(229,003)	193,034	(32,969)	5,957	(80,878)	(21,020)	(111,910)		(153,077)
Incr (Decr) in Accounts Payable	(3,308)	(24,302)	(27,610)	(1,437)	3,251	1,251	(24,545)	. (6	1,468
Incr (Decr) in Deferred Reservation & Disc. Fees	(2,413,402)	(54,697)	(2,468,099)		•	•	(2,468,099)	<u>(</u>	(2,653,089)
Incr (Decr) in Compensated Absences Payable	6,626	6,625	13,251	1,679	2,132	•	17,062	01	14,932
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ (76,271,332)	\$ 59,496,649	\$ (16,774,683)	\$ 1,275,650	\$ (150,405)	\$ 66,774	\$ (15,582,664)	8	(31,819,782)